



The following Communications have been judged by at least two referees to be “very important papers” and will be published online at [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) soon:

T. J. Hebden, A. J. S. John, D. G. Gusev, W. Kaminsky, K. I. Goldberg,  
D. M. Heinekey\*

**Preparation of a Dihydrogen Complex of Cobalt**

F. Lockyear, M. A. Parkes, S. D. Price\*

**Fast and efficient fluorination of small molecules by SF<sub>4</sub><sup>2+</sup>**

X. Zeng, H. Beckers,\* H. Willner,\* J. F. Stanton

**Elusive Diazirine, N<sub>2</sub>CO**

D. V. Gutsulyak, A. van der Est, G. I. Nikonov\*

**Facile Catalytic Hydrosilylation of Pyridines**

Z. Zhao, E. L. Jacovetty, Y. Liu,\* H. Yan\*

**Encapsulation of Gold Nanoparticles in a DNA-Origami Cage**

T. Reiner, E. J. Keliher, S. Earley, B. Marinelli, R. Weissleder\*

**Synthesis and In Vivo Imaging of an <sup>18</sup>F-Labeled PARP1 Inhibitor by a Chemically Orthogonal Scavenger-Assisted High-Performance Method**

D. T. Cohen, B. Cardinal-David, K. A. Scheidt\*

**Lewis Acid Activated Synthesis of Highly Substituted Cyclopentanes by the N-Heterocyclic-Carbene-Catalyzed Addition of Homoenoate Equivalents to Unsaturated Ketoesters**

M. Barsukova-Stuckart, N. V. Izarova, G. B. Jameson,  
V. Ramachandran, Z. Wang, J. van Tol, N. S. Dalal,\* R. N. Biboum,  
B. Keita, L. Nadjo, U. Kortz\*

**The Dicopper(II)-Containing 22-Palladate(II)**

[Cu<sup>II</sup><sub>2</sub>Pd<sup>II</sup><sub>22</sub>P<sup>V</sup><sub>12</sub>O<sub>60</sub>(OH)<sub>8</sub>]<sup>20-</sup>

R. Langer, G. Leitus, Y. Ben-David, D. Milstein

**Efficient Hydrogenation of Ketones Catalyzed by an Iron Pincer Complex**

F. Liao, Y. Huang, J. Ge, W. Zheng, K. Tedsree, P. Collier, X. Hong,\*  
S. C. Tsang\*

**Morphology-Dependent Interactions of ZnO with Cu Nanoparticles at the Materials Interface in the Selective Hydrogenation of CO<sub>2</sub> to CH<sub>3</sub>OH**



“My favorite subject at school was history.

When I wake up I make two cups of coffee for my wife and myself...”

This and more about Takeshi Kawase can be found on page 988.

## Author Profile

Takeshi Kawase \_\_\_\_\_ 988

Nano-Age

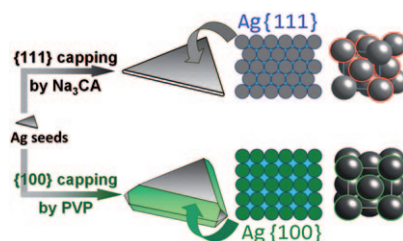
Mario Pagliaro

## Books

reviewed by L. Cademartiri \_\_\_\_\_ 989

### Selectively building facet-defined silver:

Recent advances in colloidal synthesis indicate that Ag{111} and Ag{100} crystal facets can be easily developed by epitaxial growth in the presence of sodium citrate (Na<sub>3</sub>CA) and poly(vinyl pyrrolidone) (PVP), respectively. This size- and dimension-controlled synthetic method shows potential for use in such applications as surface-enhanced Raman scattering.



## Highlights

### Shape Control

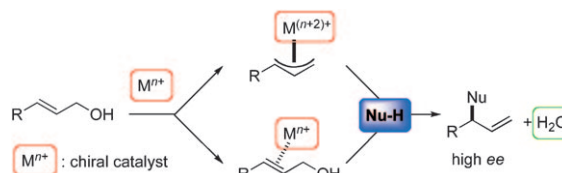
Y. Wang, J. Fang\* \_\_\_\_\_ 992 – 993

Selective Epitaxial Growth of Silver Nanoplates

## Asymmetric Catalysis

M. Bandini\* ————— 994–995

Allylic Alcohols: Sustainable Sources for Catalytic Enantioselective Alkylation Reactions



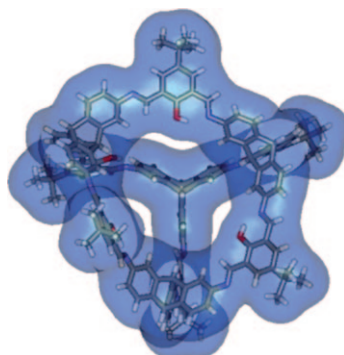
**Simple, selective, and sustainable:** The optimization of the economic and the environmental impact of an organic reaction is one of the most demanding issues of modern organic synthesis. The use of

allylic alcohols in catalytic stereoselective alkylation reactions provides an outstanding example of how these problems can be successfully addressed (see scheme).

## Porous Molecules

A. I. Cooper\* ————— 996–998

Nanoporous Organics Enter the Cage Age



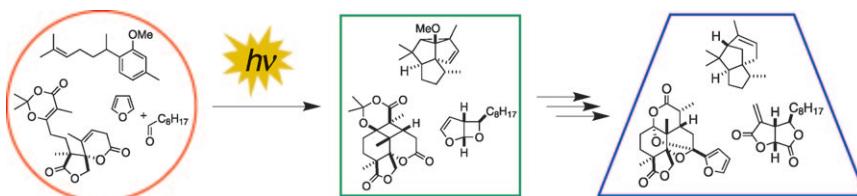
**Molecular solids go porous:** An imine-linked organic cage exhibits exceptional surface area ( $SA_{\text{BET}} = 1375 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ ) and selective gas sorption, suggesting that porous molecular organic solids could compete in the future with porous networks such as polymers and metal–organic frameworks.

## Reviews

### Synthetic Methods

T. Bach,\* J. P. Hehn ————— 1000–1045

Photochemical Reactions as Key Steps in Natural Product Synthesis



**Squaring the circle:** The total syntheses of natural products can often be achieved by means of a photochemical key step. Photochemical reactions, like few other

reactions, allow the stereoselective syntheses of complex carbon skeletons, thus providing elegant access to comprehensive target molecules (see examples).

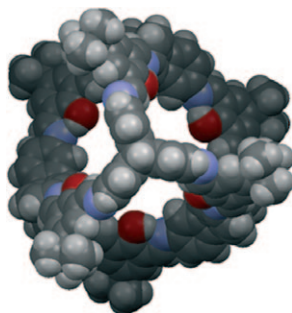
**For the USA and Canada:** ANGEWANDTE CHEMIE International Edition (ISSN 1433-7851) is published weekly by Wiley-VCH, PO Box 191161, 69451 Weinheim, Germany. Air freight and mailing in the USA by Publications Expediting Inc., 200 Meacham Ave., Elmont, NY 11003. Periodicals

postage paid at Jamaica, NY 11431. US POSTMASTER: send address changes to *Angewandte Chemie*, Journal Customer Services, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 350 Main St., Malden, MA 02148-5020. Annual subscription price for institutions: US\$ 9442/8583 (valid for print and electronic / print or electronic delivery); for

individuals who are personal members of a national chemical society prices are available on request. Postage and handling charges included. All prices are subject to local VAT/sales tax.

## Communications

**Preference for polar adsorbates:** The crystalline porous organic cage compound shown has an exceptional high surface area ( $1566 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ ) and selective gas uptake. The compound preferably adsorbs  $\text{CO}_2$  (9.4 wt %) over methane (0.98 wt %).

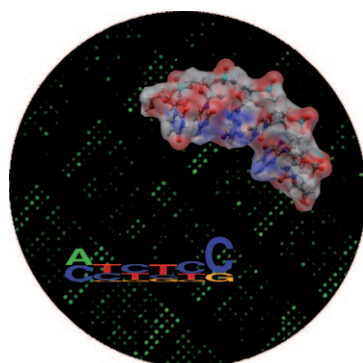


### Cage Compounds



M. Mastalerz,\* M. W. Schneider,  
I. M. Oppel, O. Presly — 1046–1051

A Salicylbisimine Cage Compound with  
High Surface Area and Selective  $\text{CO}_2/\text{CH}_4$   
Adsorption

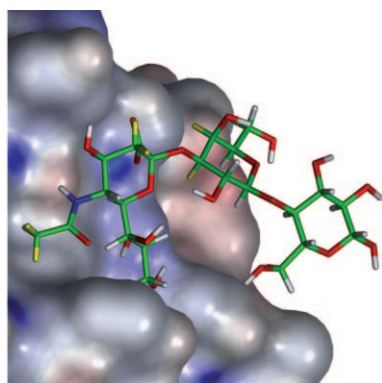


**Maximum information density:** The complete hexanucleotide sequence space can be immobilized on a chip. The binding of a number of proteins was profiled with this array of 4096 sequences, including fluorescently labeled forms of the HIV-2 and HIV-1 reverse transcriptases (the consensus motif is shown in the picture). This new technique should aid in the search for pharmaceutical lead compounds.

### Hexanucleotide Arrays

A. Mescalcin, W. Wünsche,  
G. Sczakiel\* — 1052–1054

Specific Recognition of Proteins by Array-Bound Hexanucleotides



**The tie that binds:** Rotaviruses bind to their host cells through the interaction of the virion outer capsid and spike proteins with receptors including sialic acid containing glycoconjugates. Intact rotavirus particles interact with the glycan of the GM3 ganglioside (see picture) primarily through the *N*-acetylneuraminic acid, but the penultimate galactose residue also contributes.

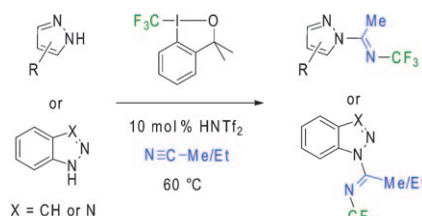
### Gangliosides

T. Haselhorst, T. Fiebig, J. C. Dyason,  
F. E. Fleming, H. Blanchard,  
B. S. Coulson,  
M. von Itzstein\* — 1055–1058

Recognition of the GM3 Ganglioside  
Glycan by Rhesus Rotavirus Particles



**Acid-catalyzed** electrophilic trifluoromethylation of nitriles in the presence of azoles leads to *N*-(trifluoromethyl)imine derivatives. The source of the trifluoromethyl group is a readily prepared and easy-to-handle hypervalent iodine(III) reagent (see scheme;  $\text{HNTf}_2$  = bis(*N*-(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide). This Ritter-type reaction is a straightforward approach to *N*-(trifluoromethyl)imidoyl azoles, compounds otherwise very difficult to access.



### *N*-Trifluoromethylation

K. Niedermann, N. Früh, E. Vinogradova,  
M. S. Wiehn, A. Moreno,  
A. Togni\* — 1059–1063

A Ritter-Type Reaction: Direct  
Electrophilic Trifluoromethylation at  
Nitrogen Atoms Using Hypervalent Iodine  
Reagents

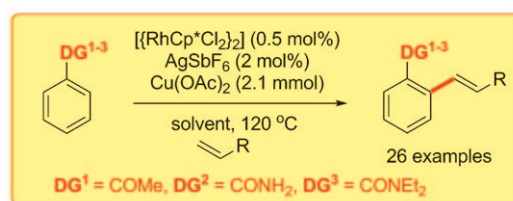


## C–H Activation

F. W. Patureau, T. Besset,  
F. Glorius\* 1064–1067



Rhodium-Catalyzed Oxidative Olefination of C–H Bonds in Acetophenones and Benzamides

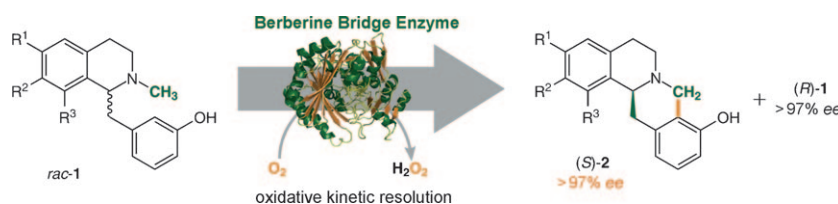


**A good neighborhood!** The metal-catalyzed oxidative C–H functionalization of electron-rich arenes is well-established, but analogous reactions of electron-poor substrates are rare. A new application makes use of common electron-with-

drawing functional groups (COMe, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONEt<sub>2</sub>) in the rhodium-catalyzed oxidative Heck reaction to generate complex organic molecules. Cp\* = η<sup>5</sup>-C<sub>5</sub>Me<sub>5</sub>.

## Biocatalytic C–C Coupling

J. H. Schrittwieser, V. Resch, J. H. Sattler,  
W.-D. Lienhart, K. Durchschein,  
A. Winkler, K. Gruber, P. Macheroux,  
W. Kroutil\* 1068–1071



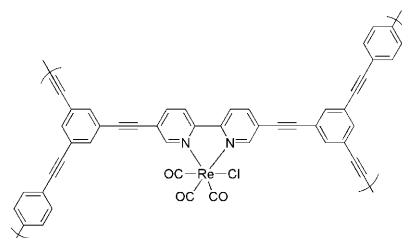
Biocatalytic Enantioselective Oxidative C–C Coupling by Aerobic C–H Activation

**Bridging the gap:** The berberine bridge enzyme (BBE) was employed for the first preparative oxidative biocatalytic C–C coupling that leads to a new intramolecular bond. This unique transformation

requires O<sub>2</sub> as sole stoichiometric oxidant and gives access to novel optically pure (S)-berberine **2** and (R)-1-benzyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline **1** alkaloid derivatives by kinetic resolution.

## Porous Materials

J. X. Jiang, C. Wang, A. Laybourn,  
T. Hasell, R. Clowes, Y. Z. Khimyak,  
J. L. Xiao, S. J. Higgins, D. J. Adams,  
A. I. Cooper\* 1072–1075

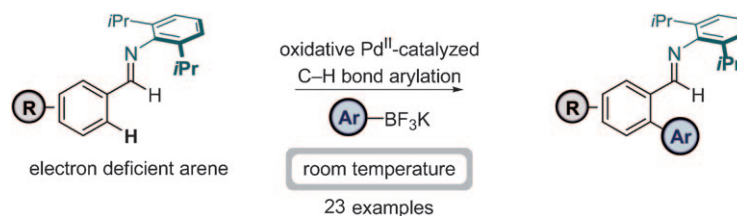


Metal–Organic Conjugated Microporous Polymers

**Two versatile strategies** for preparing metal–organic conjugated microporous polymers (MO-CMPs) containing metals such as rhenium, rhodium, and iridium are described (see example). These materials combine the uninterrupted extended electronic conjugation in the network with catalytically active metal sites.

## C–H Functionalization

M. J. Tredwell, M. Gulias,  
N. Gaunt Bremeyer, C. C. C. Johansson,  
B. S. L. Collins,  
M. J. Gaunt\* 1076–1079

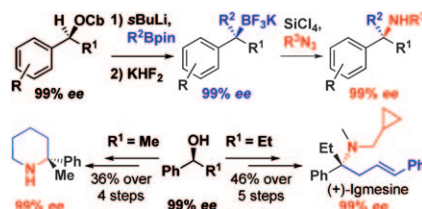


Palladium(II)-Catalyzed C–H Bond Arylation of Electron-Deficient Arenes at Room Temperature

**Mild and tolerant:** A novel Pd<sup>II</sup>-catalyzed C–H bond arylation with aryl-BF<sub>3</sub>K salts transforms various electron-deficient arenes under mild reaction conditions. Benzaldehydes are functionalized in the

*ortho* position using a temporary imine directing group that controls the cyclopalladation. A broad range of benzaldehydes are compatible with this process (see scheme).

**Better than all the rest:** Tertiary boronic esters, readily available using the lithiation–borylation reaction, have been converted into tertiary alkylamines in very high *ee*. The work has been applied to a short, modular, and fully stereocontrolled synthesis of the pharmaceutical igmesine and chiral 2,2-disubstituted piperidines.

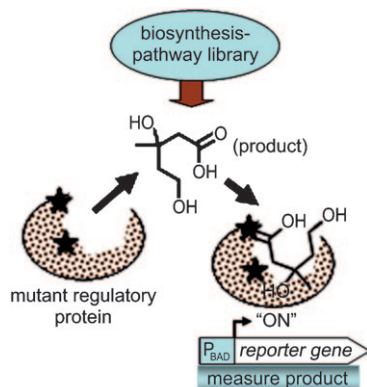


## Enantioselective Synthesis

V. Bagutski, T. G. Elford,  
V. K. Aggarwal\* — 1080–1083

Synthesis of Highly Enantioenriched  
C-Tertiary Amines From Boronic Esters:  
Application to the Synthesis of Igmesine

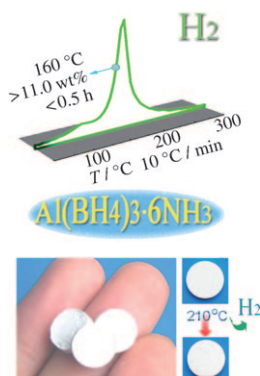
**Screening with a customized protein:** The regulatory protein AraC in *Escherichia coli* was engineered to respond to the inducer mevalonate and used as an endogenous molecular reporter in library screening for improved inducer production (see picture;  $P_{BAD}$  is the promoter). Mutants of a mevalonate-synthesis operon were expressed in *E. coli*, and a variant responsible for a fourfold increase in the mevalonate titer was isolated.



## Protein Engineering

S.-Y. Tang, P. C. Cirino\* — 1084–1086

Design and Application of a Mevalonate-  
Responsive Regulatory Protein

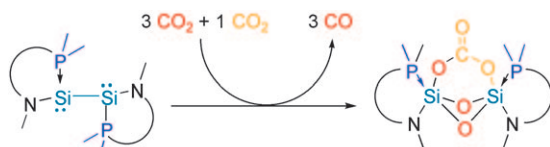


$\text{Al}(\text{BH}_4)_3 \cdot 6\text{NH}_3$  has been prepared by a convenient route and its composite is able to release more than 10 wt% hydrogen below 140 °C with favorable kinetics by a weakly exothermic combination of N–H and B–H bonds. The high hydrogen capacity, favorable dehydrogenation, and relative stability to air make  $\text{Al}(\text{BH}_4)_3 \cdot 6\text{NH}_3$  an advanced solid-state hydrogen-storage candidate.

## Hydrogen Storage

Y. H. Guo, X. B. Yu,\* W. W. Sun, D. L. Sun,  
W. N. Yang — 1087–1091

The Hydrogen-Enriched Al–B–N System  
as an Advanced Solid Hydrogen-Storage  
Candidate



**Two P or not two P:** The synthesis of the first stable disilyne bisphosphine adduct is reported. Its X-ray structure, showing a short Si–Si bond with a certain multiple-bond character, illustrates the peculiar ligand effect of phosphine towards Si<sup>I</sup>

compared to other ligands. The disilyne derivative rapidly reacts with CO<sub>2</sub> at room temperature, thus allowing the non-metal-mediated direct reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> to CO (see picture).

## Silicon Chemistry

D. Gau, R. Rodriguez, T. Kato,\*  
N. Saffon-Merceron, A. de Cózar,  
F. P. Cossío, A. Baceiredo\* — 1092–1096

Synthesis of a Stable Disilyne  
Bisphosphine Adduct and Its Non-Metal-  
Mediated CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction to CO



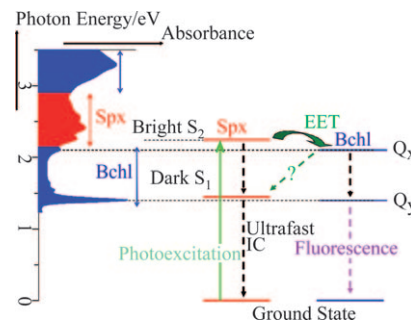
## Photosynthetic Mechanisms

D. Kosumi,\* S. Maruta, T. Horibe, R. Fujii,  
M. Sugisaki, R. J. Cogdell,  
H. Hashimoto\* ————— 1097–1100



Ultrafast Energy-Transfer Pathway in a  
Purple-Bacterial Photosynthetic Core  
Antenna, as Revealed by Femtosecond  
Time-Resolved Spectroscopy

**Reaping a good light harvest:** Femtosecond spectroscopy uncovered a novel pathway of singlet–singlet excitation-energy transfer (EET) from bacteriochlorophyll (Bchl) in a purple bacterium to the carotenoid spirilloxanthin (Spx) upon the excitation of Bchl into the  $Q_x$  band (see picture). This pathway was also clearly identified in steady-state fluorescence excitation spectra, but only in the presence of Spx. IC = internal conversion.

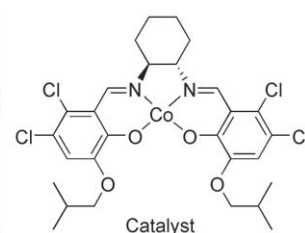
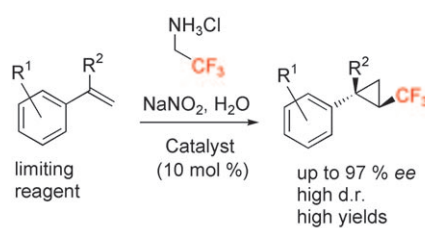


## Synthetic Methods

B. Morandi, B. Mariampillai,  
E. M. Carreira\* ————— 1101–1104



Enantioselective Cobalt-Catalyzed  
Preparation of Trifluoromethyl-  
Substituted Cyclopropanes



**Easy access on water:** A cobalt-catalyzed asymmetric preparation of trifluoromethylcyclopropanes has been developed that yields high enantioselectivities with a

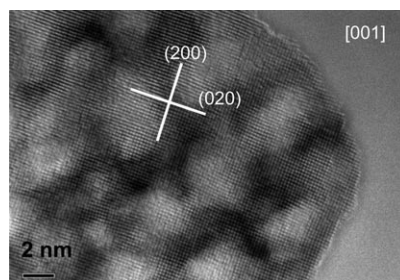
broad range of styrene substrates (see scheme). The reaction presents a new access to enantioenriched  $CF_3$ -containing building blocks.

## Mesoporous Materials

Z. Bian, J. Zhu, J. Wen, F. Cao, Y. Huo,  
X. Qian, Y. Cao, M. Shen,\* H. Li,\*  
Y. Lu\* ————— 1105–1108



Single-Crystal-like Titania Mesocages



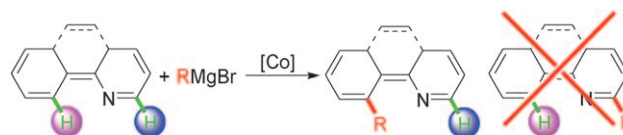
**Zeolite's mesoporous cousins:** High-surface-area single-crystal-like anatase- $TiO_2$  was synthesized by a simple solution-growth method. This method produces a controllable mesoporous network and preferential exposure of the highly active (001) planes (see TEM) and is readily extendable to the synthesis of other mesoporous single crystals for application in, for example, catalysis and energy storage.

## C–H Activation

B. Li, Z.-H. Wu, Y.-F. Gu, C.-L. Sun,  
B.-Q. Wang,\* Z.-J. Shi\* — 1109–1113

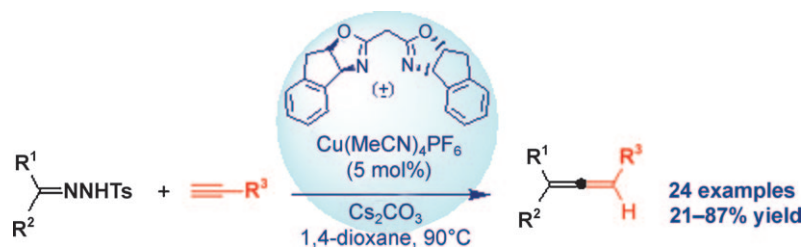


Direct Cross-Coupling of C–H Bonds with  
Grignard Reagents through Cobalt  
Catalysis



**Go go Grignard!** The first highly regioselective, cobalt-catalyzed C–H transformation of benzo[*h*]quinoline and phenylpyridine derivatives with Grignard reagents at

room temperature has been achieved (see scheme). Both aryl and alkyl Grignard reagents showed significant reactivity.



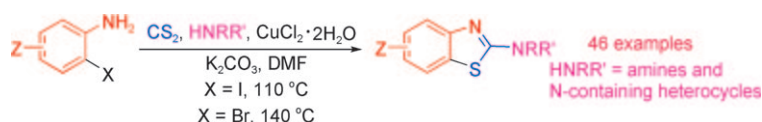
**The easy way to allenes:** An operationally simple reaction under mild conditions has led to the direct formation of trisubstituted allenes (see scheme; Ts = 4-toluenesulfonyl). An unprecedented copper–

carbene migratory insertion process seems to take place, in contrast to classic copper(I)-catalyzed reactions of diazo compounds.

## Synthetic Methods

Q. Xiao, Y. Xia, H. Li, Y. Zhang,  
J. Wang\* \_\_\_\_\_ 1114–1117

Coupling of *N*-Tosylhydrazones with Terminal Alkynes Catalyzed by Copper(I): Synthesis of Trisubstituted Allenes



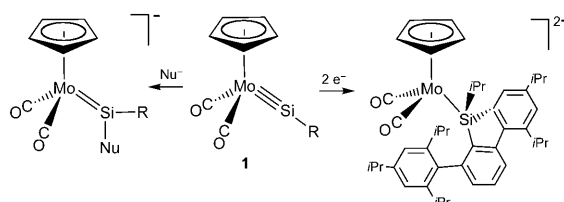
**All in it together:** A highly efficient and extremely versatile method for the assembly of benzothiazoles with a nitrogen substituent in the 2-position relies on a copper-catalyzed cascade reaction of a 2-haloaniline, carbon disulfide, and an

N nucleophile (see scheme). The products are useful precursors for the synthesis of a range of important pharmaceutical agents. DMF = *N,N*-dimethylformamide; R, R' = H, alkyl, aryl; Z = Me, CF<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>Me, CN, N<sub>2</sub>O, Cl, F, Ac.

## Heterocycle Synthesis

D. Ma,\* X. Lu, L. Shi, H. Zhang, Y. Jiang,  
X. Liu \_\_\_\_\_ 1118–1121

Domino Condensation/*S*-Arylation/*Heterocyclization* Reactions: Copper-Catalyzed Three-Component Synthesis of 2-*N*-Substituted Benzothiazoles



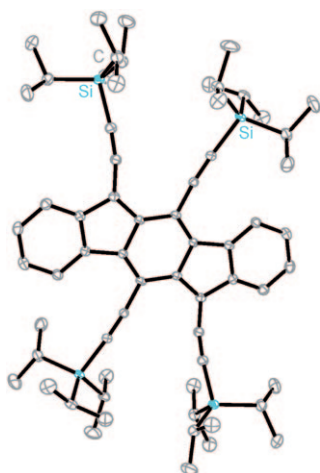
**As a silicon analogue of metal alkylidyne complexes,** the title compound offers new perspectives in organosilicon chemistry. The high synthetic potential of **1** is demonstrated by a series of reactions that

provide access to the first anionic silylidyne complexes and dianionic silyl complexes (see scheme; Nu = Cl, N<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>; R = C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>-2,6-Trip<sub>2</sub>).

## Organosilicon Chemistry

A. C. Filippou,\* O. Chernov,  
G. Schnakenburg \_\_\_\_\_ 1122–1126

Metal–Silicon Triple Bonds: Nucleophilic Addition and Redox Reactions of the Silylidyne Complex [Cp(CO)<sub>2</sub>Mo≡Si-R]



**What IF?** Fully conjugated, formally antiaromatic indeno[1,2-*b*]fluorenes (IFs; see structure) were synthesized from the corresponding diones by the SnCl<sub>2</sub>-promoted reduction often used to generate acenes. Their optoelectronic properties suggest that indenofluorenes might serve as alternatives to the more traditionally utilized acenes such as pentacene for materials applications.

## Polycyclic Hydrocarbons

D. T. Chase, B. D. Rose, S. P. McClintock,  
L. N. Zakharov,  
M. M. Haley\* \_\_\_\_\_ 1127–1130

Indeno[1,2-*b*]fluorenes: Fully Conjugated Antiaromatic Analogues of Acenes

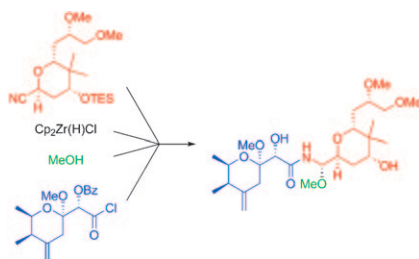


## Natural Product Synthesis

F. Wu, M. E. Green,  
P. E. Floreancig\* 1131–1134



Total Synthesis of Pederin and Analogues



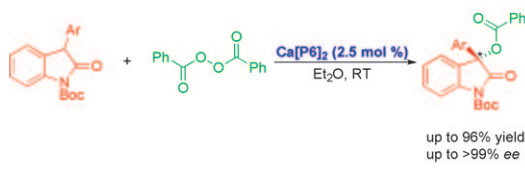
**A ten-step program:** The potent cytotoxin pederin and several analogues have been prepared through an efficient route that proceeds in ten steps (longest linear sequence) from isobutyraldehyde. The key transformation is a multicomponent *N*-acylaminol construction (see scheme) that allows for late-stage fragment coupling and diversification.

## Asymmetric Catalysis

Z. Zhang, W. Zheng,  
J. C. Antilla\* 1135–1138

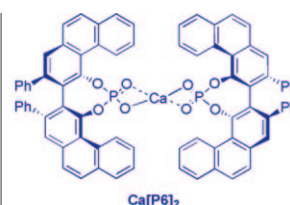


The Highly Enantioselective Chiral VAPOL Calcium Phosphate-Catalyzed Benzoyloxylation of 3-Aryloxindoles



**Keeping straight:** The highly enantioselective title reaction provides novel and straightforward access to 3-hydroxy-2-oxindole derivatives (see scheme). This

transformation signifies the first example of a chiral phosphate calcium salt activating a benzoyl peroxide.

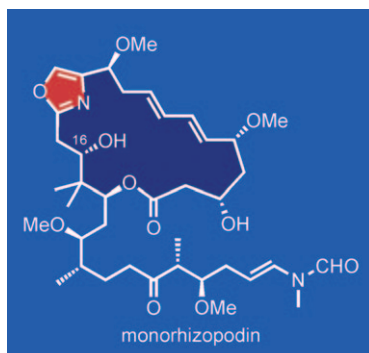


## Natural Product Synthesis

K. C. Nicolaou,\* X. Jiang,  
P. J. Lindsay-Scott, A. Corbu,  
S. Yamashiro, A. Bacconi,  
V. M. Fowler 1139–1144



Total Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of Monorhizopodin and 16-*epi*-Monorhizopodin



**Convergence and a biological dichotomy!** Monorhizopodin (see structure) and its C16 epimer have been synthesized through a highly convergent strategy. Unlike the antitumor agent rhizopodin which is their naturally occurring dimer, monorhizopodin and its epimer exhibit potent inhibition of actin polymerization but no significant cytotoxicity.

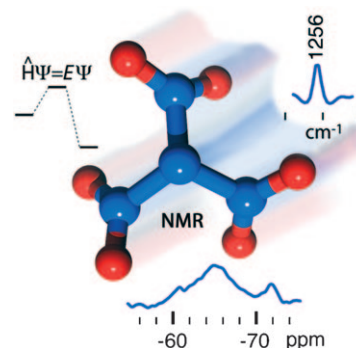
## Energetic Materials

M. Rahm,\* S. V. Dvinskikh, I. Furó,  
T. Brinck\* 1145–1148



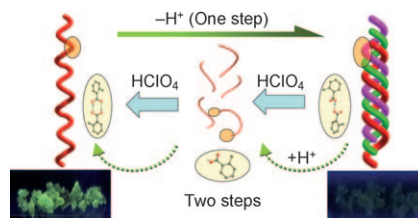
Experimental Detection of Trinitramide,  $N(NO_2)_3$

**Propeller propellant:** The largest nitrogen oxide to date, trinitramide (TNA), has been prepared following extensive quantum chemical studies in which its kinetic stability and several physical properties were estimated. TNA was detected using IR and NMR spectroscopy. The compound is highly energetic and shows promise for cryogenic propulsion and as a reagent in high-energy-density material research.





**A flexible viologen** carboxylic acid derivative forms single- and triple-stranded helices by hydrogen-bonding interactions, and undergoes pH-triggered helical transformation by a water-mediated solid-state conversion (see picture). This transformation is accompanied by a fluorescence signal change that can be directly observed by the naked eye under a UV lamp.



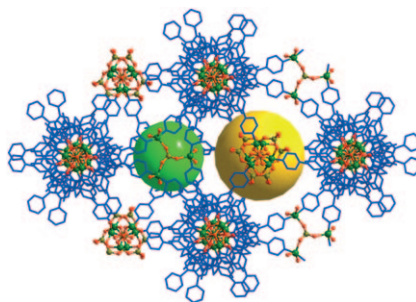
### Helical Transformations

X.-H. Jin, J. Wang, J.-K. Sun, H.-X. Zhang, J. Zhang\* 1149–1153

Protonation-Triggered Conversion between Single- and Triple-Stranded Helices with a Visible Fluorescence Change



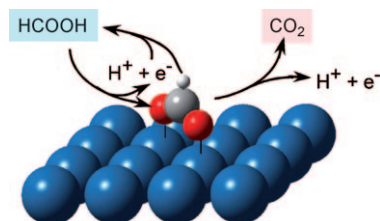
**In triple time:** A step-by-step assembly of three homochiral micro- and mesoporous metal–organic frameworks (MOFs) from a predesigned triple-stranded heptametallic helicate bearing six free pyridine groups has been achieved. The geometry, symmetry, and enantiopurity of the helicate are efficiently amplified in the infinite frameworks. Furthermore, the MOFs can encapsulate guest molecules (see example).



### Metal–Organic Frameworks

X. Xi, Y. Fang, T. Dong, Y. Cui\* 1154–1158

Bottom-Up Assembly from a Helicate to Homochiral Micro- and Mesoporous Metal–Organic Frameworks

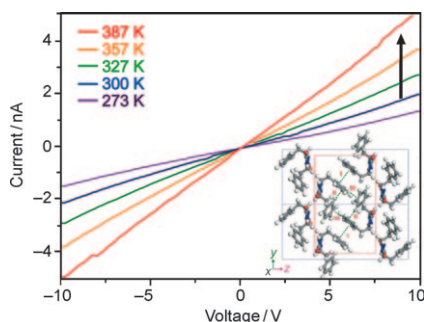


**A bridge too far:** Time-resolved surface-enhanced infrared spectroscopy (SEIRAS) coupled with chronoamperometry shows that formic acid is oxidized via bridge-bonded adsorbed formate, and that formate decomposition is the rate-determining step in the electrooxidation of formic acid to CO<sub>2</sub> on Pt. The contribution of direct oxidation of formic acid via weakly adsorbed HCOOH is negligible at best.

### Electrocatalysis

M. Osawa,\* K. Komatsu, G. Samjeské, T. Uchida, T. Ikeshoji, A. Cuesta, C. Gutiérrez 1159–1163

The Role of Bridge-Bonded Adsorbed Formate in the Electrocatalytic Oxidation of Formic Acid on Platinum



**Down to the wire:** A simple vapor-transport process using linear diphenylalanine as the starting material has resulted in the self-assembly of cyclodipeptide nanowires with an orthorhombic symmetry. Furthermore, the single-crystalline nanowires exhibit a strong blue luminescence centered at 465 nm and possess semiconducting properties (see picture).

### Peptide Nanowires

J. S. Lee, I. Yoon, J. Kim, H. Ihee,\* B. Kim,\* C. B. Park\* 1164–1167

Self-Assembly of Semiconducting Photoluminescent Peptide Nanowires in the Vapor Phase



## Natural Products

T. Wakimoto, T. Asakawa, S. Akahoshi,  
T. Suzuki, K. Nagai, H. Kawagishi,\*  
T. Kan\* — 1168–1170



Proof of the Existence of an Unstable  
Amino Acid: Pleurocybellaziridine in  
*Pleurocybella porrigens*



**Angel's wing** mushroom, *Pleurocybella porrigens*, caused fatal acute encephalopathy in Japan in 2004. The structures of cytotoxic amino acids previously isolated from the mushroom motivated a study to prove the existence of an aziridine amino acid, pleurocybellaziridine (**1**), found in the mushroom. The ester forms of synthetic **1** were used to confirm that the fruiting bodies contained high amounts of **1**. Furthermore, **1** showed significant toxicity towards rat oligodendrocytes.

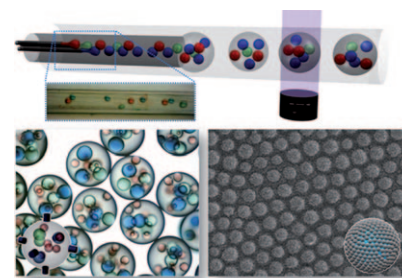
## Microfluidics

S.-H. Kim,\* J. W. Shim,  
S.-M. Yang\* — 1171–1174



Microfluidic Multicolor Encoding of  
Microspheres with Nanoscopic Surface  
Complexity for Multiplex Immunoassays

**Technicolor dreamcoating:** A microfluidic device produces and manipulates double-emulsion droplets of equal size with unprecedented controllability (see picture). The droplets, which contain color core droplets, are photopolymerized to produce transparent microspheres. Silica colloidal particles anchored preferentially at the surfaces of the microspheres provide efficient binding sites for biomolecules for biological analyses.



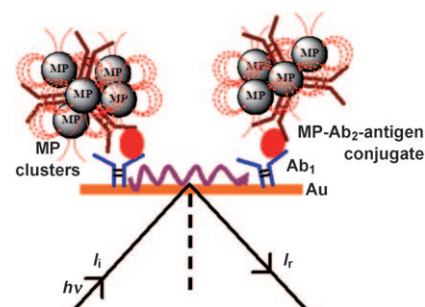
## Magneto-SPR Immunosensor

S. Krishnan, V. Mani, D. Wasalathanthri,  
C. V. Kumar, J. F. Rusling\* — 1175–1178



Attomolar Detection of a Cancer  
Biomarker Protein in Serum by Surface  
Plasmon Resonance Using  
Superparamagnetic Particle Labels

**Signal amplifiers:** Superparamagnetic particle–antibody conjugates were used to detect a cancer biomarker in serum by surface plasmon resonance (SPR) at an unprecedented low level of 10 fg mL<sup>−1</sup> (ca. 300 aM). Ultrahigh sensitivity is facilitated by enhanced mass and refractive index from aggregates of 1 μm magnetic particles on the SPR chip.

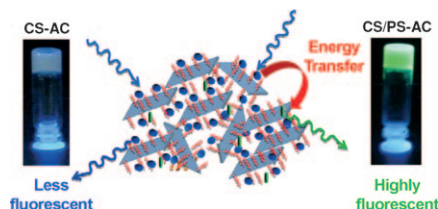


## Light-Harvesting Gels

K. V. Rao, K. K. R. Datta,  
M. Eswaramoorthy,\*  
S. J. George\* — 1179–1184

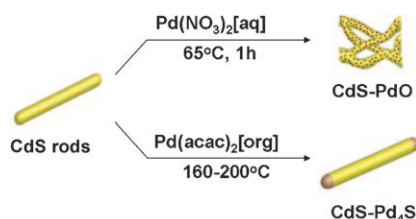


Light-Harvesting Hybrid Hydrogels:  
Energy-Transfer-Induced Amplified  
Fluorescence in Noncovalently  
Assembled Chromophore–Organoclay  
Composites



**The noncovalent self-assembly** of chromophores in an organoclay template results in the formation of fluorescent hybrid hydrogels and films. These clay–dye hybrids act as novel supramolecular scaffolds for light-harvesting as the aminoclay (AC) templates the spatial organization of donor and acceptor molecules to promote Förster resonant energy transfer (see picture; CS = coronene salt, PS = perylene salt).

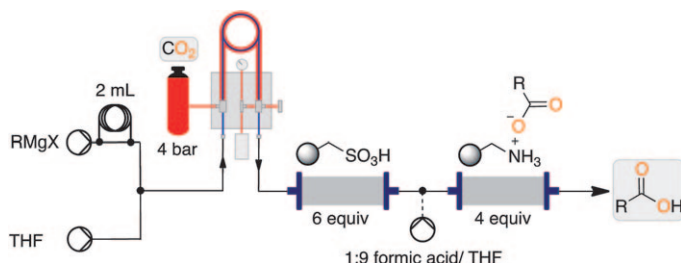
**A hybrid family:** Hybrid nanoparticles containing the semiconductor CdS and the palladium compounds PdO or Pd<sub>4</sub>S were produced through two different synthetic mechanisms (see picture). The hybrids CdS-Pd<sub>4</sub>S and CdS-PdO undergo photoinduced charge separation, as demonstrated by their activity in the photoreduction of water.



### Hybrid Nanoparticles

Y. Shemesh, J. E. Macdonald, G. Menagen, U. Banin\* — 1185–1189

Synthesis and Photocatalytic Properties of a Family of CdS-PdX Hybrid Nanoparticles



### Gas-Liquid Flow Chemistry

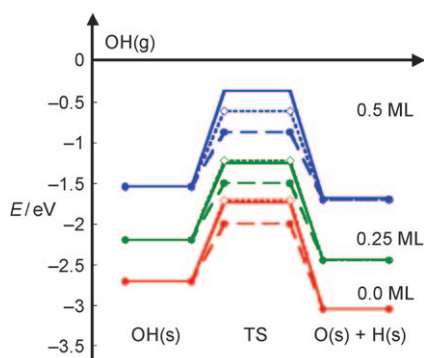
A. Polyzos, M. O'Brien, T. P. Petersen, I. R. Baxendale, S. V. Ley\* — 1190–1193

The Continuous-Flow Synthesis of Carboxylic Acids using CO<sub>2</sub> in a Tube-In-Tube Gas Permeable Membrane Reactor



**Keep it simple:** A gas-liquid flow reactor has been developed based on a gas permeable tube-in-tube configuration which effectively delivers gas to a liquid

substrate stream in a safe, continuous fashion. A series of carboxylic acids were prepared from the reaction of CO<sub>2</sub> with a range of Grignard reagents (see picture).



**A calculated approach:** A significant improvement in the accuracy of UBI-QEP method has been achieved by using a modified parameterization procedure. The coverage dependence is now fully reproduced and the obtained activation barriers fall within 10% for a range of reactions included in the data set (see example of OH dissociation on a Rh(111) surface; solid lines DFT reference, dashed lines UBI-QEP, dotted lines modified UBI-QEP, ML = monolayer).

### Heterogeneous Catalysis

M. Maestri,\* K. Reuter\* — 1194–1197

Semiempirical Rate Constants for Complex Chemical Kinetics: First-Principles Assessment and Rational Refinement



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A video clip is available as Supporting Information on [www.angewandte.org](http://www.angewandte.org) (see article for access details).



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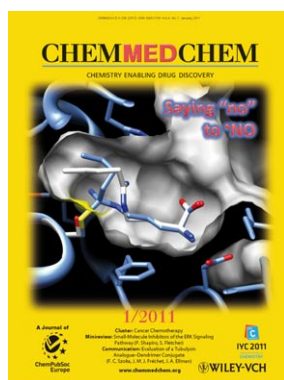
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Issue 1: December 28, 2010 • Issue 2: January 4, 2011 • Issue 3: January 12, 2011 • Issue 4: January 19, 2011

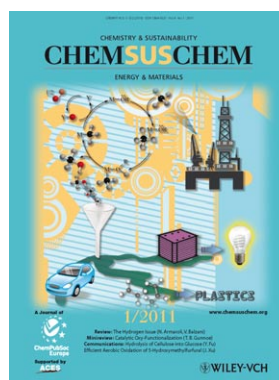
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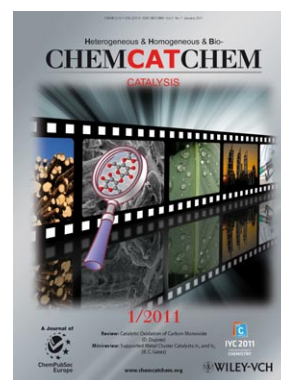
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